

Copeland Parliamentary Constituency

This is the second bulletin of 2013 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







Above average

Reference point

Below average

Welfare Reform



Real Life Reform report is the result of a partnership between Northern Housing Consortium, seven registered providers and York University. Some findings emerging from the first report are that 65% of households have less than £10 per week to live on following rent and essentials such as food and bills. 83% of households are in debt (average £2,418). Households are reporting increased levels of stress and depression.



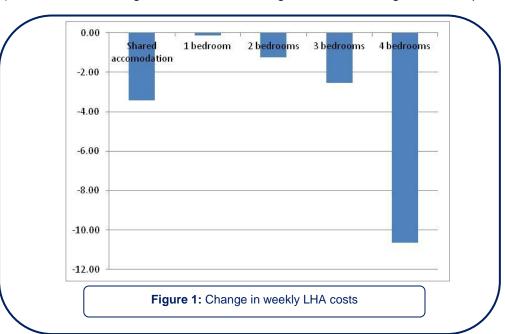
The Trussell Trust's latest figures show that more people are being referred to foodbanks with Benefit related problems since April's welfare reforms. Between April and June, over 150,000 people received three days' emergency food from a Trussell Trust foodbank - 200% more than the same period in 2012. The nearest foodbank to the constituency is in Barrow.



The number of Housing Benefit claimants in the social sector has fallen in the constituency since the implementation of the under-occupation penalty. Such claims fell by 0.3% between March and May this year. Meanwhile, claims of Local Housing Allowance in the private sector fell by 1.3% in the same period compared with a Cumbrian average increase of 1.5%.



While the average Housing Benefit award grew by 0.3%, the average weekly LHA award fell by 0.5% and by multiplying the number of claimants by average weekly award an overall weekly LHA cost decrease of 1.8% (£1,066) can be estimated. Figure 1 shows how average costs have changed over this period by dwelling size.



Housing Market



Ministry of Justice data shows that in the Copeland LA area, social landlord possession claims in the first two quarters of 2013 stood at 72. This compares to 46 claims in the corresponding timeframe in 2012 – a 56.5% increase. Landlord possessions stood at 12 compared to 8 in the corresponding timeframe. In the private sector (rented and mortgage), while claims fell by 47.9%, possessions grew by 6.3%.



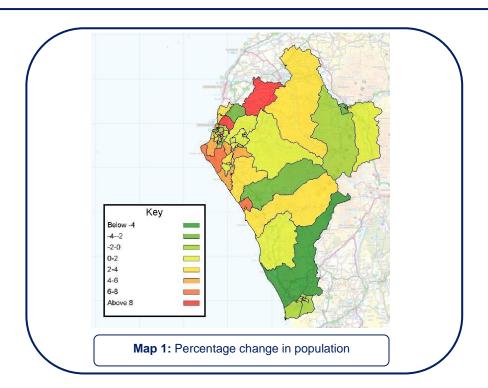
According to ONS figures, the population in the constituency grew by 1.6% from 79,601 in 2010 to 80,899 in 2011. The map below shows the population change by lower super output area and that the greatest population increase has taken place in the LSOA covered by the Dalton ward (10.5%) and parts of Millom Without ward have seen greatest decrease (-6.3%) (note: data is not available for some LSOAs in 2011).



Furthermore, CORE data shows that social housing lettings have increased in Copeland LA area from 533 in 2011/12 to 589 in 2012/13 – an increase of 10.5%. This compares to an overall increase of 3.5% in Cumbria.



In the year ending in March 2013, there were 420 decisions made by the planning authority in Copeland. Some 77 of these (18.3%) were regarding developments for housing. This represents 13.1% of all housing-related decisions in Cumbria.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact:

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