

## **Salford and Eccles Parliamentary Constituency**

This is the second bulletin of 2013 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







Above average

Reference point

Below average

## **Welfare Reform**



Real Life Reform report is the result of a partnership between Northern Housing Consortium, seven registered providers and York University. Some findings emerging from the first report are that 65% of households have less than £10 per week to live on following rent and essentials such as food and bills. 83% of households are in debt (average £2,418). Households are reporting increased levels of stress and depression.



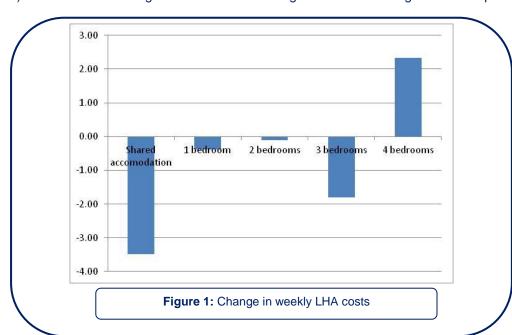
The Trussell Trust's latest figures show that more people are being referred to foodbanks with Benefit related problems since April's welfare reforms. Between April and June, over 150,000 people received three days' emergency food from a Trussell Trust foodbank - 200% more than the same period in 2012. The nearest foodbank to the constituency is in Liverpool Street, Salford.



The number of Housing Benefit claimants in the social sector has fallen in the constituency since the implementation of the under-occupation penalty. Such claims fell by 0.5% between March and May this year. Meanwhile, claims of Local Housing Allowance in the private sector fell by 0.8% in the same period compared with a Greater Manchester average increase of 1.8%.



While the average Housing Benefit award grew by 0.7%, the average weekly LHA award fell by 0.09% and by multiplying the number of claimants by average weekly award an overall weekly LHA cost decrease of 0.9% (£2,399) can be estimated. Figure 1 shows how average costs have changed over this period by dwelling size.



## **Housing Market**



Ministry of Justice data shows that in the Salford LA area, social landlord possession claims in the first two quarters of 2013 stood at 496. This compares to 458 claims in the corresponding timeframe in 2012 – an 8.3% increase. Landlord possessions grew from 64 to 96. In the private sector (rented and mortgage), while claims fell by 15.2%, possessions fell by 22.6%.



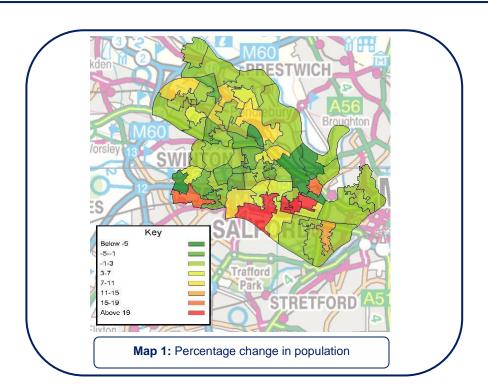
According to ONS figures, the population in the constituency grew by 2.5% from 104,174 in 2010 to 106,744 in 2011. The map below shows the population change by lower super output area and that greatest population increases and that have taken place in an LSOA covered by the Langworthy ward (25.6%) and that the greatest decrease was seen in another part of the same ward (-9.9%) (note: data is not available for some LSOAs in 2011).



Despite this overall increase, CORE data shows that social housing lettings have fallen in Salford from 3,402 in 2011/12 to 3,339 in 2012/13 – a fall of 1.9%. This compares to an overall fall of 6.8% in Greater Manchester.



In the year ending in March 2013, there were 908 decisions made by the planning authority in Salford. Some 67 of these (7.4%) were regarding developments for housing. This represents 6.8% of all housing-related decisions in Greater Manchester.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk