

Manchester Gorton Parliamentary Constituency

This is the first bulletin of 2014 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.



Above average



Reference point



Below average

Welfare Reform



The third [Real Life Reform](#) report found an increase in the average debt of respondents taking part in the study (£3,503) with debt repayments increasing by 58% since October. 46% of participants report having nothing left each week to live on once rent and essentials such as food and bills have been paid.



Last year we reported that in Manchester Gorton, 9,064 children live in poverty – 37% of the child population in the constituency. According to figures by The Children's Society, 7,271 children in poverty are estimated to miss out on the [warm home discount](#) in the constituency.



A number of sources report that households affected by the spare room subsidy cannot move due to a lack of suitable accommodation. In the first three quarters of 2013/14, there were 2,923 general needs lettings in Manchester (CORE data). This compares to 3,063 lettings in the same period of 2012/13 (a 4.6% decrease).



Data released by the Department of Communities and Local Government in October shows that a total of £1,922,105 was allocated to Manchester Council in Discretionary Housing Payment funding. Of that, £534,526 has been committed (27.8%). The majority of this (£366,863) was allocated to support 1,353 households affected by the removal of spare room subsidy in the social rented sector.

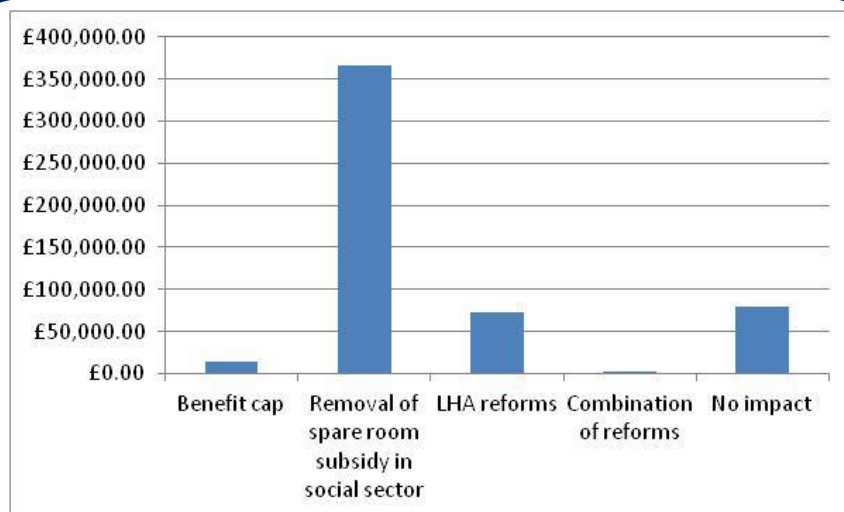


Figure 1: Summary of DHP Awards

Housing Market



The Chancellor announced in his Budget Statement that the Help to Buy Equity Loan scheme will be extended until March 2020. Since its launch on 1st April 2013 to the end of February 2014, a total of 205 homes were bought in Manchester with support of the scheme. This represents 29% of the 613 completed equity loans in Greater Manchester.



Average house prices in Manchester in February 2014 stood at £95,433 a decrease of 0.9% on the same period in 2013. This is despite sales volumes being on a general upward trend, ending on 460 in December 2013 compared with 348 in December 2012.



Vacant dwellings have been on a general downward trend since 2008. In October 2013 there were a total of 5,399 vacant dwellings in Manchester compared with 15,132 in 2008. Of the 2013 figure, 656 were owned by housing associations. Long-term vacants have fallen by 75.7% since 2008.



In 2012/13, Manchester Council made a total of 2,317 homeless decisions. Of these, 533 applicants were accepted as being homeless and in priority need (23%). The number accepted as being homeless equates to 2.46 per 1,000 households in the city – down from 2.87 in 2011/12 and 3.18 in 2010/11.

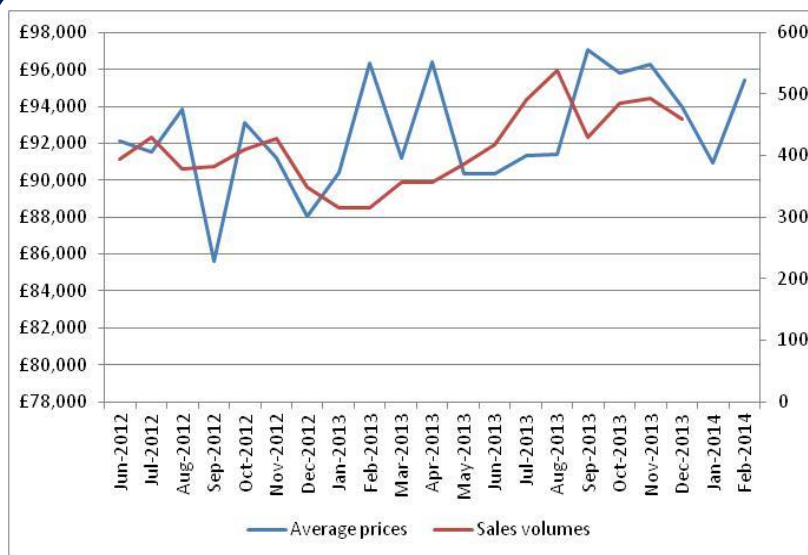


Figure 2: Change in house prices and sales volumes

If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact:
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