

## Newcastle upon Tyne East Parliamentary Constituency

This is the second bulletin of 2015 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.



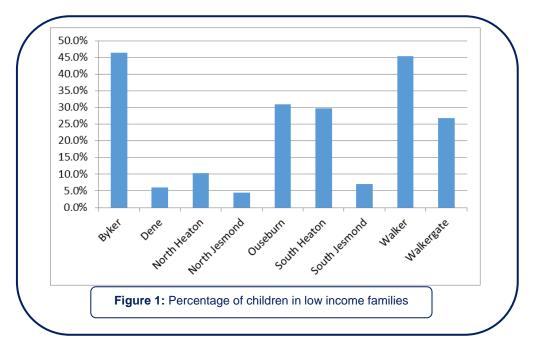
## **Financial Distress**

ONS figures show that in the year ending in June 2015, there were 43,000 people aged over 16 years old in employment (60.3%) in the constituency. There are 63,000 jobs in Newcastle upon Tyne East which equates to 0.84 jobs per 16-64 year old compared to 0.68 across the North East.

Experimental Jobseekers Allowance and out of work Universal Credit statistics produced by Jobcentre Plus shows that there were 1,645 such claimants in November 2015 (2.2% of 16-64 year olds), which is a fall of 0.1% on the previous year. This compares to 2.8% of people in the region (a 0.4% decrease).

The latest Government data shows that there were 14,389 children in low income families in the constituency in August 2013 (29% of all children). Over four-fifths were in families in receipt of Income Support or Jobseekers Allowance while 10.8%, in families in receipt of Council Tax Credit and with less than 60% of median income.

Byker ward (46.4%) had the greatest concentration of such children followed by Walker (45.3%). Walker has a higher than average proportion of children living in a family in receipt of Income Support or JSA (88.7%).



## **Housing Market**



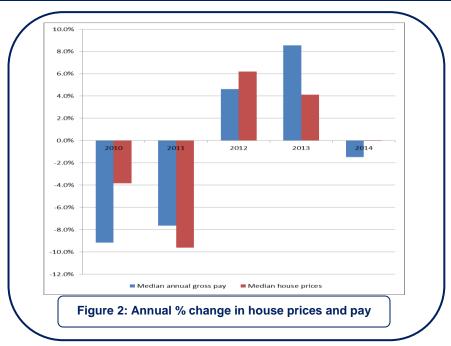
In 2014/15, there were 161 homeless acceptances by Newcastle Council. This is a 30.9% decrease on the 233 acceptances in 2009/10. A total of 34 households were found temporary accommodation and there were 11 cases of a duty being owed but no accommodation found.

In October 2014, the total number of vacant homes was 2,797. This is a 36.2% decrease from 4,385 in 2009 compared with the 24.4% decrease in Tyne & Wear. Long-term vacants fell by 30.8% over the same period. There was a total of 452 social housing vacants and 16 were classed as long-term vacant (3.5%) which is a fall from 35 in the previous year.

As at April 2014, there were 6,111 households on the housing waiting list in Newcastle LA area. This is a 108.2% increase on the previous year of 2,935. However, this figure represented a decrease on previous years and the long-term trend is a 35.6% fall on 2009 figures.

There are clear signs of a recovery in the housing market in the constituency with an overall increase in sales between 2009 and 2014 (27.3%) with greatest increase in sales of flats and maisonettes (ONS). The data also shows median house prices being at their highest level since 2010 (£144,000).

As figure 2 shows, median house prices and pay have not grown at the same rate. Median gross pay is not available for 2013 but the affordability ratio fell to 6.9 from 7.5 between 2012 and 2014.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or <u>barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk</u>