

Wansbeck Parliamentary Constituency

This is the second bulletin of 2015 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







Financial Distress



ONS figures show that in the year ending in June 2015, there were 37,000 people aged over 16 years old in employment (70.4%) in Wansbeck. There are 31,000 jobs in the constituency which equates to 0.61 jobs per 16-64 year old compared to 0.68 across the North East.



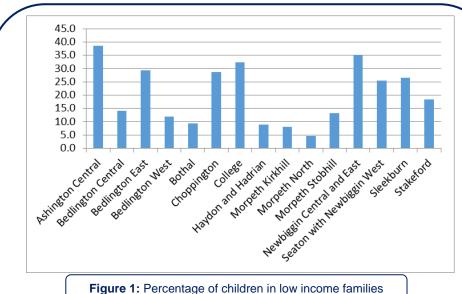
Experimental Jobseekers Allowance and out of work Universal Credit statistics produced by Jobcentre Plus shows that there were 1,615 such claimants in November 2015 (3.2% of 16-64 year olds), which is a 0.6% fall on the previous year. This compares to 2.8% of people in the region (a 0.4% decrease).



The latest Government data shows that there were 17,070 children in low income families in the constituency in August 2013 (22.3% of all children). Over four-fifths were in families in receipt of Income Support or Jobseekers Allowance while 11.9%, in families in receipt of Council Tax Credit and with less than 60% of median income.



Ashington Central ward (38.6%) had the greatest concentration of such children followed by Newbiggin Central and East (35.1%). Ashington Central also has a higher than average proportion of children living in a family in receipt of Income Support or JSA (91%).



Housing Market



In 2014/15, there were 194 homeless acceptances by Northumberland Council. This is a 57.7% increase on the 123 acceptances in 2009/10. Of these, 8 households were found temporary accommodation and there were no cases of a duty being owed but no accommodation found.



In October 2014, the total number of vacant homes was 5,074. This is an 11.4% decrease from 5,726 in 2009 compared with the 13.8% decrease in the North East. Long-term vacants fell by 18.7% over the same period. There was a total of 296 social housing vacants and 69 were classed as long-term vacant (23.3%) which is an increase from 46 in the previous year.



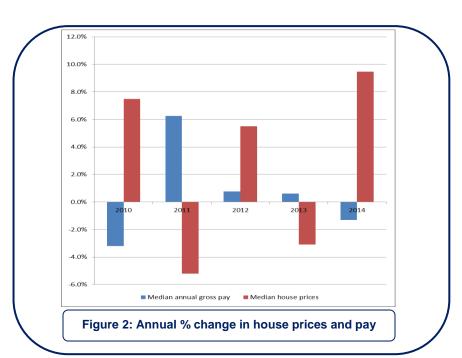
As at April 2014, there were 7,744 households on the housing waiting list in Northumberland. This is a 19.4% decrease on the previous year of 10,912. Furthermore, this figure represented a fall on previous years and the long-term trend is a 24.3% decrease on 2009 figures.



There are clear signs of a recovery in the housing market in the constituency with an overall increase in sales between 2009 and 2014 (41.5%) with greatest increase in sales of detached properties (ONS). The data also shows median house prices being at their highest level in 2014 (£122,000).



As figure 2 shows, median house prices and pay have not grown at the same rate. Median gross house prices growth outstripped that of median pay in 2014. As a result, the affordability ratio grew to 6.3 from 5.7 between 2013 and 2014.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk