## Carlisle Parliamentary Constituency



This is the first bulletin of 2015 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







Above average

Reference point

Below average

## **Financial Distress**



Census data shows that in Carlisle, 68.1% of working aged people were working full-time and 31.9% worked part-time. The corresponding figures for the region are 70.3% and 29.7%.



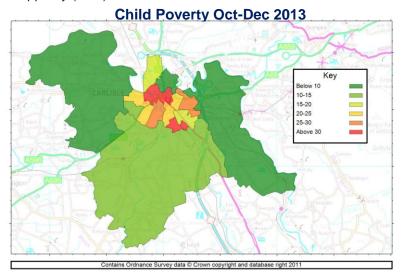
The Annual Survey of Salaries and Hours (ASHE) shows that in the constituency (as a place of work), 24.6% of all employee jobs paid below the Living Wage in 2014 (£7.65ph), an increase from 18.4% in 2013. This compares to 23.6% regionally and 21.7% nationally.



In the constituency, between September 2013 and September 2014, total Benefit sanctions fell by 53.6%. Employment and Support Allowance sanctions have risen from none to 7 over this period. Meanwhile, Job Seekers Allowance sanctions fell from 166 to 70 (-57.8%).



In a previous edition of the Constituency Profiles, we reported that in Carlisle, 18% of children live in poverty. One year on, we can report that figure, before housing costs, stands at 13.2%. However, when housing costs are taken into account, 21.2% of children live in poverty (End Child Poverty) and the map below shows that Upperby (35%) is the worst affected ward.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk

## Carlisle Parliamentary Constituency



## **Housing Market**



After a general downward trend between Q1 2013 to Q2 2014, social landlord possession claims grew between Q2 2014 and Q4 2014 in Carlisle LA by 155% (from 20 to 51). Social landlord possessions fell from 7 to none 9 and mortgage claims also fell over this period.



In the final quarter of 2014, Carlisle Council made 25 homelessness decisions and accepted no households as being homeless and in priority need. At the end of 2014, there were 9 households housed in temporary accommodation, a 30.8% reduction on the quarter ending in June.



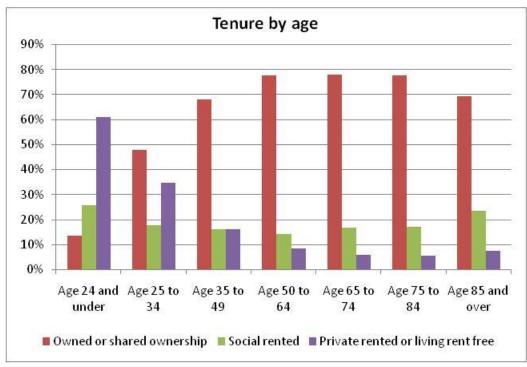
<u>Some</u> have pointed to a lack of new affordable homes being built as the reason behind the increase in homelessness. The latest annual figures show that in Carlisle LA, while the number of new homes started and dwellings completed have increased (2012/13 to 2013/14), the proportion of homes started and completed in the social sector has fallen.



Looking at quarterly building statistics, in the final quarter of 2014, there were 70 dwellings started and 110 completed in Carlisle LA. There were no started or completed dwellings in the social sector – a similar picture as in the corresponding quarter of 2013.



Nomis data (2011) shows that in the constituency, 67% are owner-occupiers, 17% rent from a social landlord and 16% are private renters. However, looking at tenure by the age of the household reference person shows changes by age. There is a steep increase in owner-occupation between the ages of 24 and under (13%) and 65 to 74 year age bracket (78%) before falling to 69% for those aged 85 and over. Conversely, renting is more popular for those aged 24 and below (87%) before falling and then increasing slightly in later years.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk