

Doncaster North Parliamentary Constituency

This is the first bulletin of 2015 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.



Above average



Reference point



Below average

Financial Distress



Census data shows that in Doncaster North, 69.1% of working aged people were working full-time and 30.9% worked part-time. The corresponding figures for the region are 69.3% and 30.7%.



The Annual Survey of Salaries and Hours (ASHE) shows that in the constituency (as a place of work), 28.7% of all employee jobs paid below the Living Wage in 2014 (£7.65ph), an increase from 25% in 2013. This compares to 24.3% regionally and 21.7% nationally.

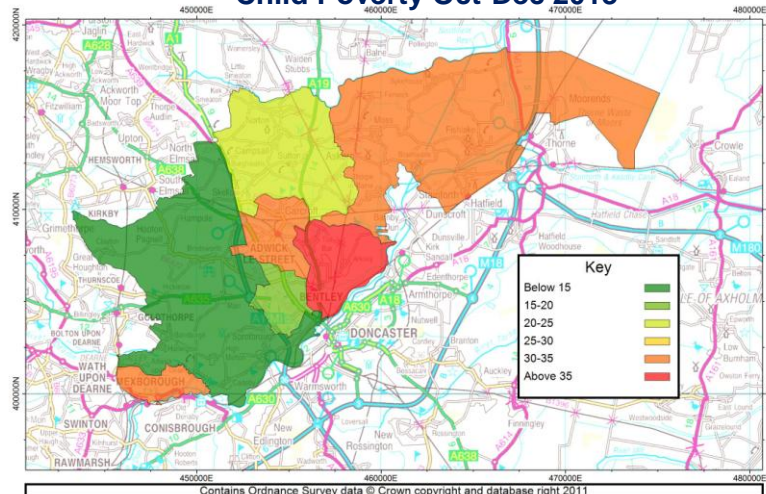


In the constituency, between September 2013 and September 2014, total Benefit sanctions fell by 48.3%. Employment and Support Allowance sanctions decreased from 8 to 5 this period (37.5%). Meanwhile, Job Seekers Allowance sanctions fell from 319 to 164 (-48.6%).



In a previous edition of the Constituency Profiles, we reported that in Doncaster North, 23% of children live in poverty. One year on, we can report that figure, before housing costs, stands at 18.6%. However, when housing costs are taken into account, 29.3% of children live in poverty (End Child Poverty) and the map below shows that Bentley (37.8%) is the worst affected ward.

Child Poverty Oct-Dec 2013



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact:
Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk

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Housing Market



After a general downward trend between Q1 2013 to Q2 2014, social landlord possession claims fell further by 10% between Q2 2014 and Q4 2014 in Doncaster (from 100 to 90). Over the same period, actual possessions fell by 3.8% to 25. Meanwhile, mortgage claims and possessions fell over the same period.



In the final quarter of 2014, Doncaster Council made 75 homelessness decisions and accepted 42 households as being homeless and in priority need (56%). At the end of 2014, 16 households were housed in temporary accommodation, a 33.3% increase on the quarter ending in June.



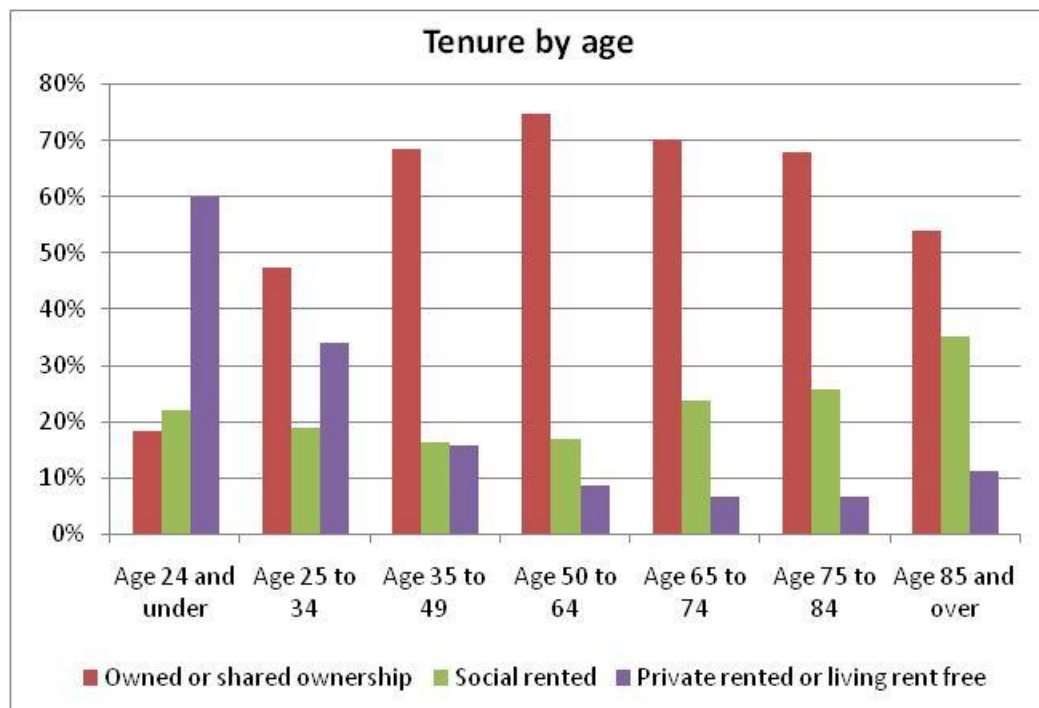
Some have pointed to a lack of new affordable homes being built as a reason behind the increase in homelessness. The latest annual figures show that in Doncaster, while the number of new homes started and completed has increased (2012/13 to 2013/14), the proportion of social sector dwellings starts have increased while social completions have fallen.



Looking at quarterly building statistics, in the final quarter of 2014, there were 190 dwellings started and 180 completed in Doncaster. No starts and no completions were in the social sector. In the corresponding quarter of 2013, 5.9% of dwellings started but no of completions were in the social sector.



Nomis data (2011) shows that in the constituency, 65% are owner-occupiers, 20% rent from a social landlord and 16% are private renters. However, looking at tenure by the age of the household reference person shows changes by age. There is a steep increase in owner-occupation between the ages of 24 and under (18%) and 50 to 64 year age bracket (75%) before falling to 54% for those aged 85 and over. Conversely, renting is more popular for those aged 24 and below (82%) before falling and then increasing slightly in later years.



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