

## **West Lancashire Parliamentary Constituency**

This is the first bulletin of 2016 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







## **Economic Activity**



Neighbourhood Statistics shows that there are 69,801 residents in West Lancashire aged between 16 and 74. Of these, 67.8% are economically active (this includes unemployed and actively looking for work) which compares to 67.5% in Lancashire and 67.8% for the region as a whole.

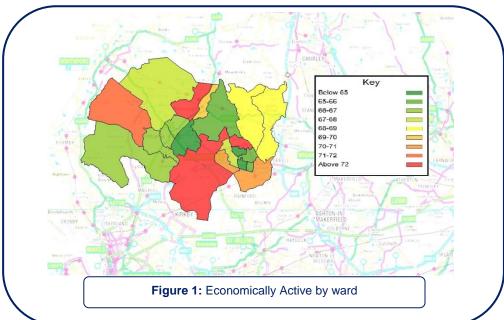


The latest economically active figures are an increase on those from the 2001 Census. In 2001, there were 64.7% of residents aged 16 to 74 classed as economically active. This coincides with an increase in the number of people aged 16 to 74.



Figure 1 below shows economically active are concentrated in Ashurst (73.2%) and Burscough West (73.1%) wards having highest proportions of economically active 16 to 74 year olds.

Of the economically active total, 53.3% are full-time employees, while 20.5% work part-time employees. A further 13.3% are self-employed and 6.1% are unemployed (and looking for work). The proportion of those in employment has fallen by 3.7% since 2001.



## Benefits and affordability



Nomis data showed that in June, there were 1,225 Universal Credit and Job Seekers Allowance claimants in the constituency, a rise from 995 at the same point in 2015. This represents 2% of people aged over 16 in the constituency with 25-34 year olds making up 21.4% of claimants.



Using these indicators, it would appear that the Government's aim of a lower welfare country is not being achieved. However, annual survey of hours and earnings data shows that hourly pay for full-time workers grew from 2014 to 2015 from £12.58 to £13.01 – delivering on the higher wage 'settlement'.



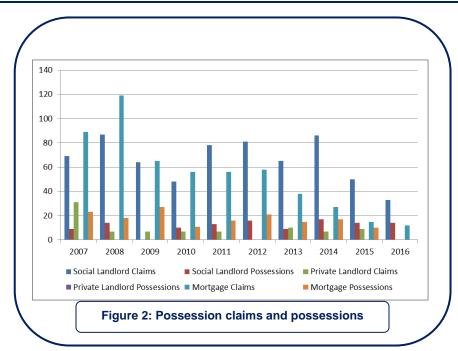
Coinciding with the rise in full time hourly pay, Ministry of Justice figures show that total possession claims fell by 39.2% in the local authority area and that total possessions fell by 41.7% in the first quarter of 2016 compared to the first quarter of 2015.



As Figure 2 shows social landlord claims fell by 34% and mortgage claims fell by 20%. There were also 100% reductions in private landlord claims (down from 9) and mortgage possessions (down from 10).



Social landlord possessions (14) and private landlord possessions (0) remained at the same level as in the first quarter of 2015.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk