

## Wythenshawe and Sale East Parliamentary Constituency

This is the first bulletin of 2016 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







## **Economic Activity**



Neighbourhood Statistics shows that there are 76,299 residents in Wythenshawe and Sale East aged between 16 and 74. Of these, 70.4% are economically active (this includes unemployed and actively looking for work) which compares to 67.8% in Greater Manchester and 67.8% for the region as a whole.



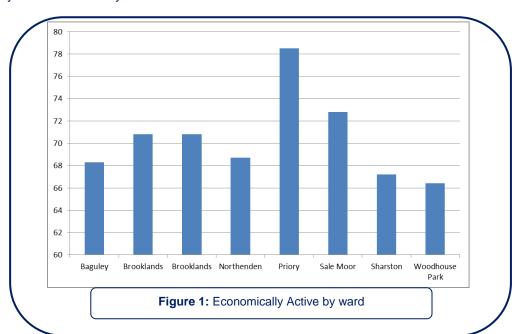
The latest economically active figures are an increase on those from the 2001 Census. In 2001, there were 63.7% of residents aged 16 to 74 classed as economically active. This coincides with an increase in the number of people aged 16 to 74.



Figure 1 below shows economically active are concentrated in Priory (78.5%) and Sale Moor (72.8%) wards having highest proportions of economically active 16 to 74 year olds.



Of the economically active total, 59.3% are full-time employees, while 19.1% work part-time employees. A further 9.8% are self-employed and 7.8% are unemployed (and looking for work). The proportion of those in employment has fallen by 3.7% since 2001.



## Benefits and affordability



Nomis data showed that in June, there were 1,815 Universal Credit and Job Seekers Allowance claimants in the constituency, a rise from 1,705 at the same point in 2015. This represents 2.6% of people aged over 16 in the constituency with 25-34 year olds making up 26.3% of claimants.



Using these indicators, it would appear that the Government's aim of a lower welfare country is not being achieved. However, annual survey of hours and earnings data shows that hourly pay for full-time workers grew between 2014 to 2015 from £11.23 to £12.08 – delivering the higher wage 'settlement'.



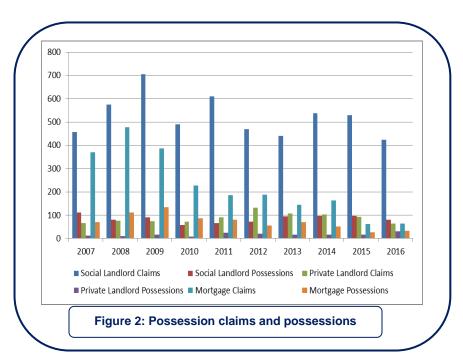
Coinciding with the rise in full-time hourly earnings, Ministry of Justice figures show that total housing possession claims fell by 19% in the first quarter of 2016 compared to the same period of 2015 in the local authority area but that possessions increased (2.1%) over this period.



As Figure 2 shows the social landlord claims (-20%) and possessions (-18.4%) fell from the first quarters of 2015 and 2016. Private landlord claims also fell by 30.4% over this period.



Private landlord possessions (87.5%), mortgage claims (6.6%) and possessions (26.9%) all increased over the same period.



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Policy Services Officer, 0191 5661030 or <a href="mailto:barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk">barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk</a>