

Stockton South Parliamentary Constituency

This is the second bulletin of 2017 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the impacts of welfare reform and the housing market in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







Reference point

Health Issues



Falls are a significant cause of emergency hospital admissions for older people and are a major factor in people moving into nursing homes or residential care. There is a clear deprivation gradient in the rate of hospital admissions for falls, with the rate for the most deprived decile being 1.6 times that of the least deprived decile.



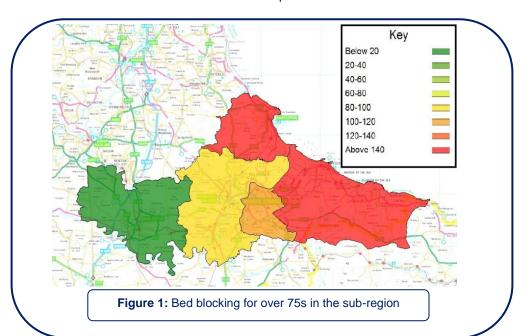
Hospital Episode Statistics shows that in 2015/16 there were 650 emergency hospital admissions due to falls of over 65 year olds in Stockton-on-Tees. This equates to 1,976 per 10,000 population which compares to an average of 1,686 in Tees Valley and 2,215 in the North East.



Although the NHS is responsible for most "bed blocking", the number attributable to social care has been increasing. In Stockton-on-Tees, 8 days per 1,000 people aged 18+ between April 2016 and January 2017 were due to social care issues (11 in Tees Valley). This increases to 83 days for over 75s only (104 in Tees Valley). Stockton-on-Tees received over £7m in the additional adult social care funding.



Data produced by NHS Digital shows that between October 2015 and September 2016, there were 458 emergency readmissions to hospital in North Tees and Hartlepool NHS Foundation Trust – a crude rate of 7.1. This is an increase in rate from 6.1 in the same period of 2013/14.



Universal Credit



In response to concerns raised by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) members about the impact Universal Credit was having on their customers and the landlords, NHC embarked on a longitudinal research project to monitor these impacts over the course of the year April 2016 to March 2017. Reports were published at each stage of the project and these can be found at https://www.northern-consortium.org.uk/services/policy/welfare/



The full Universal Credit service will be rolled out to the Stockton-on-Tees JobCentres in July 2018 and at October 2017, there were 837 people claiming the new benefit in the constituency. This is an increase from 825 in September and compares to a Tees Valley average of 1,718.



Amongst NHC's findings was that people working variable hours such as zero hour contracts, part-time etc. were struggling to keep track of what Universal Credit they were being paid and as such struggled to pay their housing costs. DWP figures show an increasing number in the constituency (319) are in employment and claiming UC.



As the infographic below shows, NHC found that rent arrears are increasing and DWP figures show that most households in the constituency are entitled to the housing element of UC (272). Of these, most live in private accommodation (53.3% compared to 46.7% in social accommodation).

NORTHERN Housing Consortium Based upon respondents from 38 organisations representing a total of 628,373 households and 10,965 The Universal Credit Impact Report Universal Credit claimants from across the North Impact on the tenant of respondents to our Members aware of tenants with of tenants on variable Universal Credit Impact hours reported finding it health issues, including stress, Report survey (Round 4) experienced delays difficult to keep track of how much they are depression and anxiety, increased in processing claims. This fell from 84.2% in from two-fifths to over half over being paid. As a result 94.7% said tenants were the course of the project. our Round 1 report. having difficulty meeting housing costs. All respondents said that they were aware of tenants turning to foodbanks to feed their families. Impact on the landlord The average amount of arrears The percentage of respondents reporting said tenants terminated per responding organisation is their own tenancy as a evictions due to rent arrears increased since the rollout of UC to result of UC. Some respondents said these E180,000 tenants were sofa surfing or living with family. Average tenant arrears: £427 91.7% said staff were spending more time supporting people through UC than HB 36.1% of landlords had introduced credit checks before letting units to new tenants **DWP** Experience of respondents said they received said that there had Over the year, average UC claim processing o been communication times increased from 27.8 working days to different answers to the same problems between tenants/orgs and DWP 41.5 working days (+49%). question from different DWP sources. Figure 2: NHC Universal Credit findings

If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact:

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