

## **Altrincham and Sale West Parliamentary Constituency**

This is the first bulletin of 2019 produced by Northern Housing Consortium (NHC) providing analysis of housing-related data for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the North of England. The report provides analysis of the housing condition and demography in the constituency.

We have used the following symbols to indicate your performance against the relevant regional or national statistics.







## Household size and dwelling stock



Office of National Statistics (ONS) reports that in 2017 there were 19.0 million families in the UK, a 15% increase from 16.6 million in 1996 and that with 12.9 million families, the married or civil partner couple family remains the most common in 2017, with the cohabiting couple family growing the fastest.

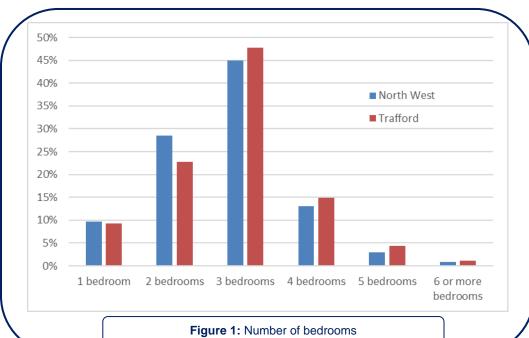


Household size at the national level in 2016 stood at 2.4 and this is projected to fall to 2.3 by 2041. Similarly, household size in Trafford is set on a downward trend being 2.4 people in 2016 and projected to be 2.3 by 2041.



Meanwhile, as Figure 1 shows, Census data shows that by far most households live in properties with three bedrooms or more. It also shows that larger dwellings are more prevalent than in the region as a whole.





## Vacant dwellings



The private rented sector is becoming an increasingly important provider of housing with Valuation Office Agency data showing 2,000 rents recorded between October 2017 and September 2018 in Trafford. This is up from 1,580 on the 2015/16 financial year.



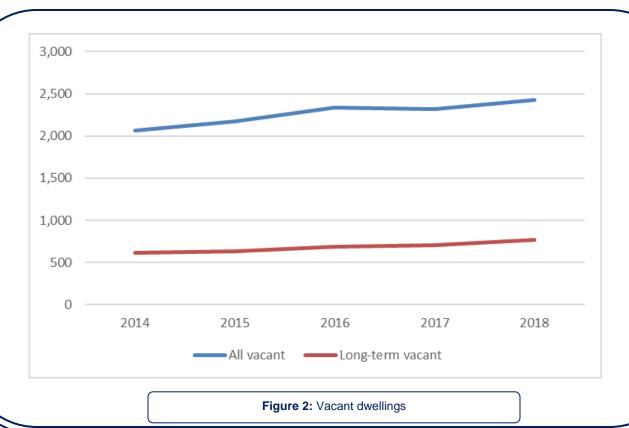
Median private rents have increased over the intervening period from £750 per calendar month in 2015/16 to £775 in the period ending in September 2018 in Trafford. This is an increase of 3.3%. Over the same period, the Bank of England base rate grew by 0.5% from 0.5% to 0.75%.



Nevertheless, vacant properties in the district appear to be increasing. Since 2014, there has been an overall increase of 367 vacant properties and there were a total 2,428 vacant dwellings at October 2018. Some 774 were long-term vacant – also an upward trend.



Although MHCLG figures do not provide data on private vacant dwellings, by subtracting the social vacant figures from the total, we can calculate that there are 2,325 private vacant homes in the district in October (both owner-occupied and private rented)



If you have any queries regarding the content of the APPG briefings, please contact: Barry Turnbull, Business Intelligence Officer, 0191 5661030 or barry.turnbull@northern-consortium.org.uk